Redefining possible'

Recent Developments in Hazard Assessment

Catherine Rudisill, M.S. SRC, Inc.



Defense > Environment > Intelligence

© 2018 SRC, Inc.

SRC Background

- Environmental Health Analysis (EHA)
- Providing Technical Support for >40 years
- Leader in Green Chemistry, pollution prevention (P2), and sustainability initiatives
- Not-for-Profit, Research & Development Organization





Defense > Environment > Intelligence

https://www.srcinc.com/what-we-do/environmental/

Hazard Assessment in AA's

IC2 Guide for Alternatives Assessment v1.1

Initial List of Potential Alterr		Less Favorable Alternatives
Hazard		2
Performance		3
Cost and Availability		4
Exposure	7	5
Additional Modules (optional)		6
Preferred Alternatives		

Principle: Focus on reducing hazard

New Approach Methodologies (NAM's)

- Reduce the need for vertebrate testing

AA's uniquely positioned to incorporate these methodologies:

- Emerging field, establishing best practices

- Alternatives identified at the design-phase, requiring verification

- Existing substances (often data poor) utilized for new uses



New Approach Methodologies (NAM's)

Cost Advantage

Type of Toxicity		Study Cost (\$US)
Genetic toxicity		
Chromosome aberration	animal test	\$30,000
	in vitro test	\$20,000
Sister chromatid exchange	animal test	\$22,000
	in vitro test	\$8,000
Unscheduled DNA synthesis	animal test	\$32,000
	in vitro test	\$11,000

*Humane Society International: http://www.hsi.org/issues/chemical_product_testing/facts/time_and_cost.html

Ethical Considerations

Propionic acid (undiluted)

Rabbit Eye Irritation Study (1975):

"...Clinical signs included severe discomfort recorded as squealing, pawing and thrashing..."



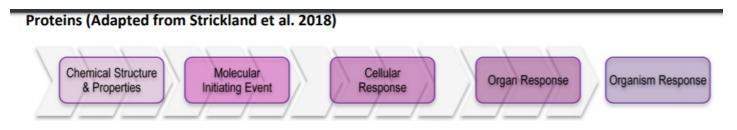


The Future Is Now!



EPA's NAM for Skin Sensitization

April 2018 - Interim Science Policy: Use of Alternative Approaches for Skin Sensitization as a Replacement for Laboratory Animal Testing

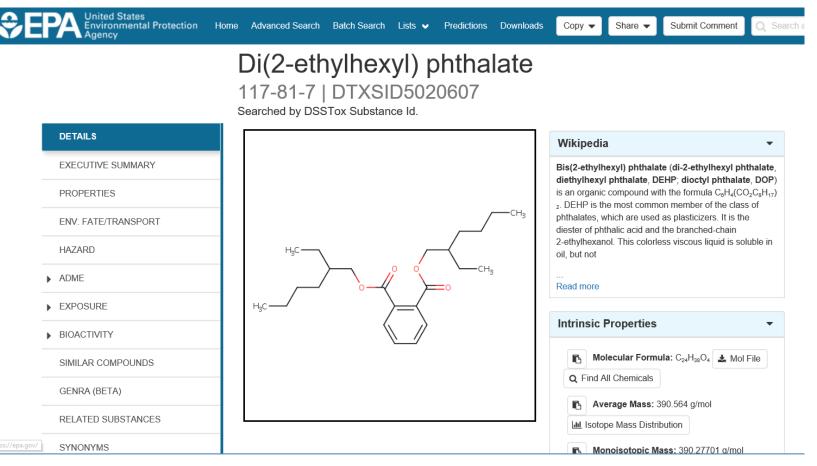


- Defined Approaches:
 - AOP "2 out of 3"
 - KE 3/1 sequential testing strategy (STS)
- Validity must be at least that for reliable animal methods. For Mouse LLNA:
 - 70-80% Hazard prediction
 - 60-70% Potency prediction

NAM should be just as accurate

EPA Chemistry Dashboard v3.0

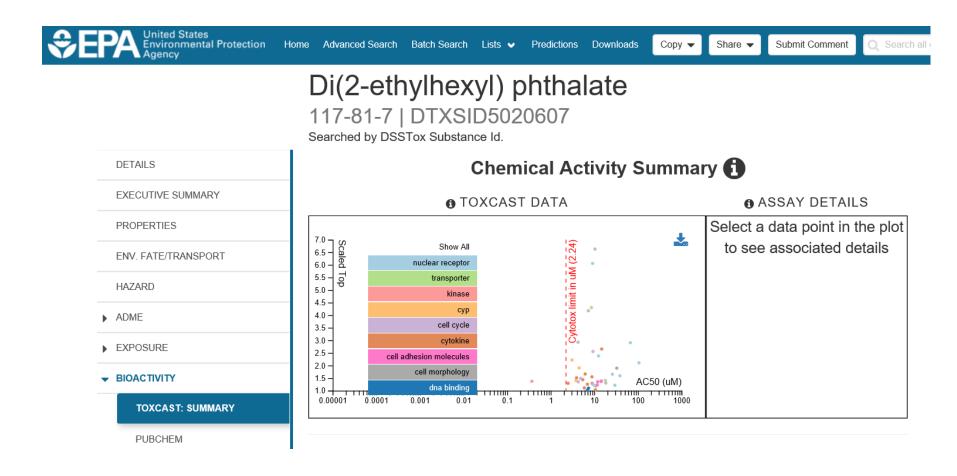
Released August 2018





EPA Chemistry Dashboard v3.0

Access the TOXCAST data summaries and model outputs!





NURA meeting in RTP



- In vitro Methods
- QSAR's
- High-Throughput Screening Data
- Etc.



Redefining possible

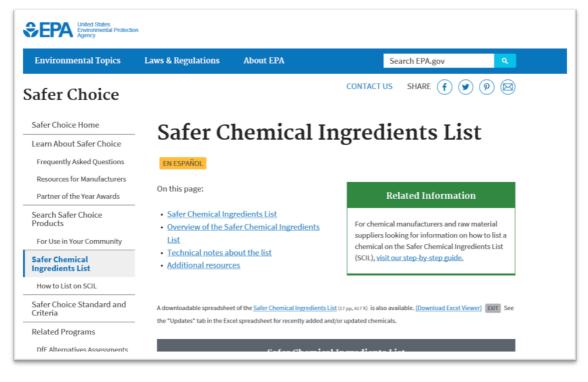
What's Old is New Again!



EPA Safer Chemicals Ingredients List

- Started with 500 in 2012, Last updated in September 2018
- Now with 1,000 listings (>950 unique)
- Functional & evaluated against standard hazard criteria
- Positive list: <u>https://www.epa.gov/saferchoice/safer-ingredients</u>







Defense > Environment > Intelligence

GreenScreen®



- Updated March 2018
- Includes new hazard criteria for polymers and products (mixtures)

Fun Fact:

TSCA Public Inventory contains:

~25% - UVCB's

~25% - Polymers



12

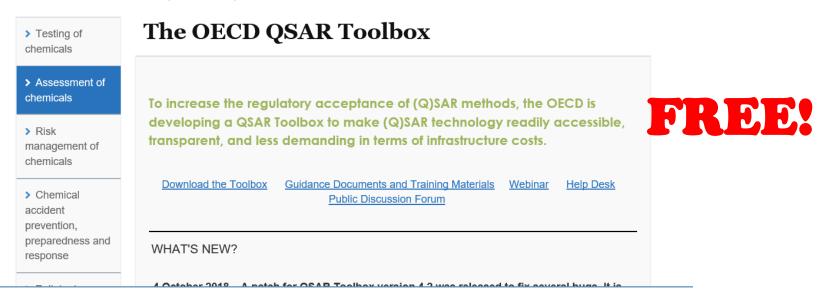
The World of QSARs



OECD QSAR Toolbox: v4.2 (Feb 2018)



OECD Home >> Chemical safety and biosafety >> Assessment of chemicals >> The OECD QSAR Toolbox





Defense > Environment > Intelligence

ECOSAR v2.0 (Nov 2017)

Ecosar Application 2.0 —]	×
ECOSAR Special Cases			
Organic Module			
Organic			
Welcome	•) 🗆
ECOSAR version 2.0 ECOSAR is developed and owned by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention and is protected by copyright throughout the world. Permission is granted for individuals to download and use the software on their personal and business computers free of charge. Users may not alter, modify, merge, adapt, or prepare derivative works of the software. ECOSAR is a screening-level tool to estimate the ecological hazards of chemicals when measured data are lacking and is primarily developed for chemicals regulated under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA).			
Disclaimer: Experimental data sources and values estimated by EPI are not endorsed by the EPA; nor does the EPA vouch for the quality or accuracy of the data. Furthermore, professional judgement is needed to determine the applicability and accuracy of Physical/Chemical properties and fate endpoints estimated by EPI		F	REE
© 2000-2016 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			



Defense > Environment > Intelligence

Conclusions



Pamela Spencer & Cathy Rudisill - Co-chairing afternoon session on Hazard Assessment in Alternatives Assessment Methods

Time: 1:15-3:15 PM Location: Coastal Room

And Posters Too!

